§ 9.45

- (1) From the beginning point, the boundary runs in a southerly direction along the Napa/Solano County border to State Road 12;
- (2) Thence east along State Road 12 to where it intersects with Interstate 80;
- (3) Thence southwest on Interstate 80 to where it intersects with the Southern Pacific Railroad track;
- (4) Thence in an easterly direction along the Southern Pacific Railroad track to where it intersects with range line "R3W/R2W";(5) Thence due north on range line
- (5) Thence due north on range line "R3W/R2W" to where it intersects with the Solano County/Napa County line;
- (6) Thence due west along the Solano County/Napa County line to the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-122, 47 FR 37922, Dec. 29, 1982]

§ 9.45 Suisun Valley.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Suisun Valley."
 (b) *Approved maps.* The appropriate
- (b) *Approved maps*. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the Suisun Valley viticultural area are four U.S.G.S. maps. They are titled:
- (1) "Mt. George Quadrangle, California", 7.5 minute series (1968);
- (2) "Fairfield North Quadrangle, California", 7.5 minute series (1973);
- (3) "Fairfield South Quadrangle, California", 7.5 minute series (1968); and
- (4) "Cordelia Quadrangle, California", 7.5 minute series (1968).
- (c) Boundaries. The Suisun Valley viticultural area is located in Solano County, California. The beginning point is the intersection of the Southern Pacific Railroad track with range line "R3W/R2W" in the town of Cordelia, located on U.S.G.S. map "Cordelia Quadrangle."
- (1) From the beginning point, the boundary runs northeast in a straight line to the intersection of Ledgewood Creek with township line "T5N/T4N";
- (2) Thence in a straight line in a northeast direction to Bench Mark (BM) 19 located in the town of Fairfield.
- (3) Thence in a straight line due north to Soda Springs Creek;
- (4) Thence in a straight line in a northwest direction to the extreme

- southeast corner of Napa County located just south of Section 34, Township 6 North, Range 2 West;
- (5) Thence due west along the Napa/Solano County border to where it intersects with range line "R3W/R2W";
- (6) Thence due south along range line "R3W/R2W" to the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-117, 47 FR 52997, Nov, 24, 1982]

§ 9.46 Livermore Valley.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Livermore Valley."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Livermore Valley viticultural area are 13 United States Geological Survey 1:24,000 scale topographic maps. They are titled:
- (1) Clayton, CA (1953; Photorevised 1980; Minor Revision 1994);
- (2) Diablo, Calif. (1953; Photorevised 1980):
 - (3) Tassajara, CA (1996);
- (4) Byron Hot Springs, Calif., (1953, Photorevised 1968);
- (5) Altamont, Calif., (1953, Photorevised 1981);
- (6) Midway, Calif., (1953, Photorevised 1980):
- (7) Cedar Mtn., CA, (1956, Photorevised 1971, Minor Revision 1994):
 - (8) Mendenhall Springs, CA (1996);
 - (9) La Costa Valley, CA (1996);
- (10) Niles, Calif., (1961, Photorevised
- (11) Dublin, Calif., (1961, Photorevised 1980);
 - (12) Hayward, CA (1993); and
 - (13) Las Trampas Ridge, CA (1995).
- (c) Boundary. The Livermore Valley viticultural area is located in the State of California in Contra Costa and Alameda Counties. The Livermore Valley viticultural area's boundary is defined as follows:
- (1) The beginning point is on the Clayton map at the peak of Mount Diablo (VABM 3849) where the Mount Diablo Base Line and Mount Diablo Meridian Line intersect, T1S, R1E;
- (2) From the beginning point proceed southeast in a straight line for approximately 14 miles, crossing the Diablo and Tassajara maps, and pass onto the Byron Hot Springs map to the summit